

ATTACH. 15

SC History

Bishop – S206

Chapter 27 Test

Matching

- | | | |
|-----------|------------------------|--|
| _____ 1. | Benito Mussolini | A. Commander of American forces in the Pacific |
| _____ 2. | Adolph Hitler | B. A country that starts a war by attacking the territory of others |
| _____ 3. | Winston Churchill | C. Commander of German forces in North Africa |
| _____ 4. | Gen. Douglas McArthur | D. Leader of the Nazi Party and dictator of Germany |
| _____ 5. | Gen. Dwight Eisenhower | E. Commander of American troops in Europe during WWII |
| _____ 6. | Gen. Erwin Rommel | F. Political movement that believes the nation is more important than the individual |
| _____ 7. | Fascism | G. Prime Minister of England during WWII |
| _____ 8. | Aggressor | H. Warfare that is quick, violent, and relentless |
| _____ 9. | Blitzkrieg | I. Leader of the Fascist Party and the dictator of Italy |
| _____ 10. | Gestapo | J. The secret police of Germany |

True-False

- _____ 1. An atomic bomb creates a huge explosion due to the splitting of radioactive atoms.
- _____ 2. The battle of Nagasaki in 1942 was the American victory that stopped the advance of the army of Japan.
- _____ 3. Adolph Hitler rounded up Jewish people in all the areas of Europe that he conquered and controlled.
- _____ 4. Island Hopping was the code name for sending supplies by airplanes to all American troops in the Far East.
- _____ 5. There were an estimated 22 million Jews killed by the Germans during World War II.

Listing

1. List 3 Nazi ideas.

2. List 4 allied strategies of war in WWII.

3. List the Big Three.

Multiple Choice

- ___ 1. The Nazi party comes into power in Germany and Hitler is elected Chancellor
(A) 1928 (B) 1932 (C) 1941 (D) 1945
- ___ 2. The first important U.S. victory in the Pacific
(A) Battle of Coral Sea (C) Battle of Midway
(B) Battle of Guadalcanal (D) Battle of the Bulge
- ___ 3. Law granting the president the right to rent, sale, or give war materials to other countries
(A) Selective Service Act (C) War Powers Act
(B) Allied Exportation Act (D) Lend Lease Act
- ___ 4. An alliance between Germany, Italy, and Japan
(A) Axis (C) NAZI
(B) Allies (D) NATO
- ___ 5. Harry Truman becomes president of the United States
(A) 1928 (B) 1932 (C) 1941 (D) 1945
- ___ 6. First peacetime draft of men in American history
(A) Selective Service Act (C) War Powers Act
(B) Allied Exportation Act (D) Lend Lease Act
- ___ 7. A government controlled by one person or a small group
(A) Democracy (C) Republic
(B) Totalitarian Government (D) Absolute Government
- ___ 8. U.S. victory which was the turning point in the war in the Pacific
(A) Battle of Coral Sea (C) Battle of Midway
(B) Battle of Guadalcanal (D) Battle of the Bulge
- ___ 9. An alliance between France, Great Britain, and Russia
(A) Axis (C) NAZI
(B) Allies (D) NATO

- _____ 10. Battle that drove Hitler's army back into Germany
(A) Battle of Coral Sea (C) Battle of Midway
(B) Battle of Guadalcanal (D) Battle of the Bulge

Fill in the Blanks

September 3, 1939 May 12, 1943 June 6, 1944
May 8, 1945 August 6, 1945 August 14, 1945

1. Allied forces invaded France (D-Day) on _____.
2. On _____, Japan surrenders ending World War II.
3. Rommel surrenders to the Allies in North Africa on _____.
4. Germany agrees to an unconditional surrender ending the war in Europe on _____.
5. On _____, the first atomic bomb was dropped on Hiroshima, Japan.
6. World War II begins with the invasion of Poland on _____.

Short Answer

1. What happened on December 7, 1941, a day that will live in infamy?
2. What was the name of the airplane that dropped the world's first atomic bomb?